Hepatitis B

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Estimated 257 MILLION PEOPLE

INFECTED by Hepatitis B

It is a viral infection that attacks the liver and can cause acute or chronic diseases.

Caused by the hepatitis B virus that spreads through the blood and various body fluids such as sperm, vagina, menstruation and saliva containing the hepatitis B virus.

30-50%	< 5%	80-90%	30-50%
children infected under	adults infected	babies infected in the	Adults infected chronically
6 years develop to	develop to be	first year of life become	will progress to cirrhosis
chronic infections	chronic	chronic infections	and / or liver cancer

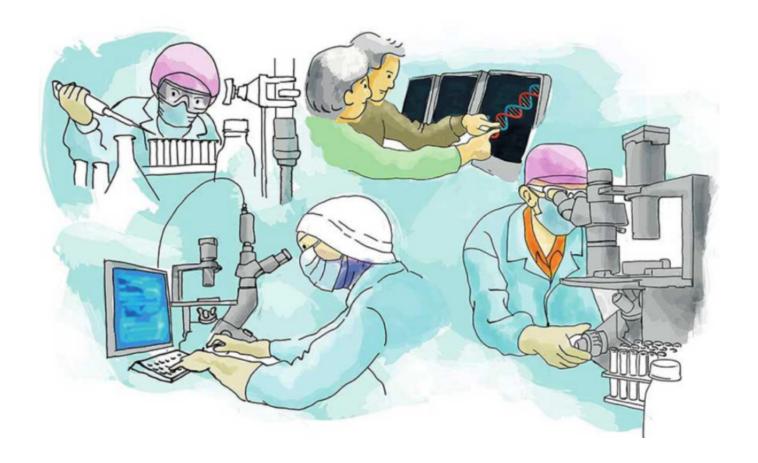
Hepatitis B can become chronic and end in cirrhosis / hardening of the liver and liver cancer which leads to death.

The earlier you get the Hepatitis B virus, the more likely it is to develop to be chronic.

4 - 20.3 % OF HEALTHY POPULATION IN INDONESIA

have hepatitis B. The proportion of people living outside Java is higher than in Java.

Hepatitis B virus can survive outside the human body for 7 days, and can infect in that time.



Prevention of Hepatitis B

Hepatitis B can be prevented by vaccination. Complete vaccination can stimulate the formation of protective immune levels in more than 95% of infants, children and adults.

The Transmission Can be

VERTICALLY

From an infected mother to her baby during labor

HORIZONTALLY

Sexual intercourse

Use of syringes together, tattoos,

Use of a shaver

Medical procedures or teeth with a device contaminated with blood infected with the hepatitis B virus